# EXHIBIT A

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

RICOLA PRODUCTS	
Ricola Cherry Honey Herb Throat Drops	
Ricola Honey Lemon with Echinacea Cough Suppressant Throat Drops	
Ricola Lemon Mint Herb Throat Drops	7
Ricola Sugar-free Lemon Mint Herb Throat Drops	9
Ricola Mixed Berry with Vitamin C Supplement Drops	11
Ricola Sugar-free Green Tea with Echinacea Cough Suppressant Throat Drops	12
Ricola Sugar-free Swiss Cherry Herb Throat Drops	14

# **Ricola Cherry Honey Herb Throat Drops**



# **CHERRY HONEY**

A delicate, fruity blend of cherry and honey, seasoned with Ricola's herb mixture.







# PRODUCT DETAIL

Click each item for specific nutritional information

Ingredients

Cherry Honey Active Ingredient (in each drop)

Purposes

Menthol, 2.0 mg

Oral pain reliever

Uses temporarily relieves occasional minor irritation and pain associated with

- sore mouth
- sore throat

# Warnings

Do not use

 in children under 6 years of age unless directed by a doctor.

#### Stop use and ask a doctor if

- sore throat is severe, persists for more than 2 days, or is accompanied by fever, headache, rash, nausea or vomiting.
- sore mouth symptoms do not improve in 7 days.

#### Keep out of reach of children.

## Directions

- adults and children 6 years and older; dissolve 2 drops (one at a time) slowly in the mouth. Repeat every 2 hours as needed or as directed by a doctor.
- Children under 6 years: ask a doctor.

#### Other Information

Store in a dry place

## Inactive Ingredients

extract of Ricola's herb mixture (elder, horehound, hyssop, lemon baim, linden flowers, mallow, peppermint, sage, thyme, wild thyme), honey, <u>malic acid</u>, natural cherry concentrate, natural color (extract of fruit and vegetable), natural flavors, starch syrup, sugar

# Ricola Honey Lemon with Echinacea Cough Suppressant Throat Drops



# HONEY LEMON

A combination of honey, herbal lemon balm and echinacea work in harmony to bring soothing relief to sore throats.

en and programme



Recommend

# PRODUCT DETAIL

Click each item for specific nutritional information

#### Ingredients

Lemon with Echinacea Active Ingredient (in each drop)

# Purposes

Cough suppressant Oral pain reliever

Menthol, 3.5 mg

# Uses temporarily relieves:

- cough due to a cold or inhaled imitants
- occasional minor irritation and pain due to sore throat or sore mouth

# Warnings

# Sore throat warnings:

- If sore throat is severe, persists for more than 2 days, is accompanied or followed by fever, headache, rash, swelling, nausea, or vomiting, consult a doctor promptly. These may be serious.
- Do not use in children under 6 years of age unless, directed by a doctor.

# Ask a doctor before use if you have

- persistent or chronic cough such as occurs with smoking, asthma, or emphysema
- cough accompanied by excessive phiegm (mucus)

#### Stop use and ask a doctor if

- cough persists for more than 1 week, tends to recur, or is accompanied by fever, rash or persistent headache. These could be signs of a serious condition.
- · sore mouth does not improve in 7 days
- irritation, pain, or redness persists or worsens

## Keep out of reach of children.

## Directions

- adults and children 6 years and older: dissolve 2 drops (one at a time) slowly in the mouth, Repeat every 2 hours as needed or as directed by a doctor.
- · children under 6 years; ask a doctor

# Other Information

Store in a dry place

# Inactive Ingredients

ascorbic acid (vitamin C), citric acid, extract of echinacea and Ricola's herb mixture (elder, horehound, hyssop, lemon balm, linden flowers, mallow, peppermint, sage, thyme, wild thyme), lemon juice concentrate, honey, natural flavors (honey, lemon oil, peppermint oil), starch syrup, sugar

# **Ricola Lemon Mint Herb Throat Drops**



# **LEMON MINT**

Lemon Mint is a flavor combination of the Ricola original herb blend and menthol, with a refreshing lemony taste. Ricola Lemon Mint offers relief from the discomfort of a sore throat as well as minor throat irritation.









# PRODUCT DETAIL

Click each item for specific nutritional information

Ingredients

Lemon Mint

Active Ingredient (in each drop)

Purposes

Menthol, 1.5 mg

Oral pain reliever

**Uses** temporarily relieves occasional minor irritation and pain associated with

- · sore mouth
- sore throat

# Warnings

Do not use

 in children under 6 years of age unless directed by a doctor.

#### Stop use and ask a doctor if

- sore throat is severe, persists for more than 2 days, or is accompanied by fever, headache, rash, nausea or vomiting.
- sore mouth symptoms do not improve in 7 days

# Keep out of reach of Children.

## Directions

- adults and children 6 years and older: dissolve 2 drops (one at a time) slowly in the mouth. Repeat every 2 hours as needed or as directed by a doctor.
- Children under 6 years: ask a doctor.

#### Other Information

Store in a dry place

#### Inactive Ingredients

citric acid, extract of lemon balm and Ricola's herb mixture (elder, horehound, hyssop, lemon balm, linden flowers, mallow, peppermint, sage, thyme, wild thyme), natural color (beta-carotene), natural flavors (lemon oil, peppermint oil), starch syrup, sugar

# Ricola Sugar-free Lemon Mint herb Throat Drops



# **LEMON MINT**

Lemon Mint is a flavor combination of the Ricola original herb blend and menthol, with a refreshing lemony taste. Ricola Lemon Mint offers relief from the discomfort of a sore throat as well as minor throat irritation.









JON BEUMSHEIM'S COM

# PRODUCT DETAIL

Click each item for specific nutritional information

Ingredients

Sugar Free Lemon Mint

Active Ingredient (in each drop)

Purposes

Menthol, 1.1 mg

Oral pain reliever

Uses temporarily relieves occasional minor irritation and pain associated with

- sore mouth
- sore throat

# Warnings Do not use

 in children under 6 years of age unless directed by a doctor.

#### Stop use and ask a doctor if

- sore throat is severe, persists for more than 2 days, or is accompanied by fever, headache, rash, nausea or vomiting.
- sore mouth symptoms do not improve in 7 days.

#### Keep out of reach of Children.

## Directions

- adults and children 6 years and older: dissolve 2 drops (one at a time) slowly in the mouth. Repeat every 2 hours as needed or as directed by a doctor.
- · Children under 6 years; ask a doctor.

# Other Information

- Phenylketonurics, contains phenylalaline 1mg per drop.
- Excessive use may cause laxative effect
- Store in a dry place
- Product may be useful for diabetics on the advice of a doctor

# Exchange Information

- 2 Drops = FREE Exchange
- 7 Drops = 1 Fruit

Dietary exchanges based on Exchange Lists for Diabetes. © 2008 American Diabetes Associatin, American Dietetic Association.

# Inactive Ingredients

ascorbic acid (vitamin C), aspartame, citric acid, extract of lemon balm and Ricola's herb mixture (elder, horehound, hyssop, lemon balm, linden flowers, mallow, peppermint, sage, thyme, wild thyme), isomalt, natural color (betacarotene), natural flavors (lemon oil, peppermint oil)

# Ricola Mixed Berry with Vitamin C Supplement Drops



# MIXED BERRY

Raspberries, blueberries and currants: For a mixed berry flavor that is truly outstanding and a herbal freshness that is uniquely Ricola.



Recommend

# PRODUCT DETAIL

Click each item for specific nutritional information

# Ingredients

# Mixed Berry

with Vitamin C

#### Supplimental Drops Helps Support Immune System\*

# Ingredients

Sugar, starch syrup, sodium ascorbate (vitamin C), <u>citric acid</u>, extract of Ricola's herb mixture (elder, horehound, hyssop, lemon balm, linden flowers, mallow, peppermint, sage, thyme, wild thyme), raspberry juice concentrate, black currant juice concentrate, bilberry juice concentrate, natural flavors, natural color (extract of fruit and vegetable).

## Suggested use

As a dietary supplement, take 2 to 8 drops per day.

# Warnings

Keep out of reach of children.

# Other information

Store in a dry place.

\* This statement has not been evaluated by the food and drug administration. This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure or prevent any disease.

# Ricola Sugar-free Green Tea with Echinacea Cough Suppressant Throat Drops



# SUGAR FREE GREEN TEA

Strong relief of coughs and sore throats with the added benefits of green tea and echinacea extracts.



Recommend

# PRODUCT DETAIL

Click each item for specific nutritional information

#### Ingredients

# Sugar Free Green Tea with Echinacea

Active Ingredient (in each drop)

Purposes

Menthol, 4.1 mg

Cough supressant

Oral pain reliever

#### Uses temporarily relieves:

- · cough due to cold or inhaled irritants
- occasional minor irritation and pain due to sore throat or sore mouth

#### Warnings

#### Sore throat warnings:

- if sore throat is severe, persists for more than 2 days, is accompanied or followed by fever, headache, rash, swelling, nausea, or vomiting, consult a doctor promptly. These may be serious.
- Do not use in children under 6 years of age unless directed by a doctor.

#### Ask a doctor before use if you have

- persistent or chronic cough such as occurs with smoking, asthma, or emphysema
- cough accompanied by excessive phlegm (mucus)

#### Stop use and ask a doctor if

- cough persists for more than 1 week, tends to recur, or is accompanied by fever, rash or persistent headache. These could be signs of a serious condition.
- · sore mouth does not improve in 7 days
- · irritation, pain, or redness persists or worsens

#### Keep out of reach of children.

# Directions

- adults and children 6 years and older: dissolve 2 drops (one at a time) slowly in the mouth. Repeat every 2 hours as needed or as directed by a doctor.
- Children under 6 years: ask a doctor.

# Other Information

- Phenylketonurics, contains phenylalaline 1mg per drop.
- Excessive use may cause laxative effect
- Store in a dry place
- Product may be useful for diabetics on the advice of a doctor

#### Exchange Information

- 2 Drops = FREE Exchange
- 7 Drops = 1 Fruit

Dietary exchanges based on Exchange Lists for Diabetes. © 2008 American Diabetes Associatin, American Dietetic Association.

## Inactive Ingredients

aspartame, citric acid, extracts of echinacea, green tea, peppermint and Ricola's herb mixture (elder, horehound, hyssop, lemon balm, linden flowers, mallow, peppermint, sage, thyme, wild thyme), isomait, natural color (chlorophyll), natural flavors (peppermint oil, spearmint oil), sorbitol

# Ricola Sugar-free Swiss Cherry Herb Throat Drops



# **SWISS CHERRY**

Natural cherry combined with Ricola's delicious mixture of Swiss alpine herbs. Refreshing and naturally effective.



Recommend

# PRODUCT DETAIL

Click each item for specific nutritional information

# Ingredients

Sugar Free Cherry Active Ingredient (in each drop)

Purposes

Menthol, 2.2 mg

Oral pain reliever

Uses temporarily relieves occasional minor irritation and pain associated with

- sore mouth
- sore throat

# Warnings

#### Do not use

 in children under 6 years of age unless directed by a doctor,

#### Stop use and ask a doctor if

- sore throat is severe, persists for more than 2 days, or is accompanied by fever, headache, rash, nausea or vomiting.
- sore mouth symptoms do not improve in 7 days.

#### Keep out of reach of children.

#### Directions

- adults and children 6 years and older: dissolve 2 drops (one at a time) slowly in the mouth. Repeat every 2 hours as needed or as directed by a doctor.
- children under 6 years; ask a doctor

#### Other Information

- Phenylketonurics, contains phenylalanine 1 mg per drop.
- · excessive use may have a laxative effect
- · store in a dry place
- product may be useful for diabetics on the advice of a doctor

# Exchange information

- 2 Drops = FREE Exchange
- 7 Drops = 1 Fruit

Dietary exchanges based on Exchange Lists for Diabetes. @2008 American Diabetes Association, American Dietetic Association

# Inactive Ingredients

aspartame, citric acid, extract of Ricola's herb mixture (elder, horehound, hyssop, lemon balm, linden flowers, mallow, peppermint, sage, thyme, wild thyme), isomalt, natural cherry concentrate, natural color (extract of fruit and vegetable), natural flavors

# EXHIBIT B

NON 8 Syn 5

allowed

# NOSB NATIONAL LIST FILE CHECKLIST

# **PROCESSING**

MATERIAL NAME	
CATEGORY: Synthe	etic Allowed Complete?: 3/16
	NOSB Database Form
/	References
	MSDS (or equivalent)
	FASP (FDA)
	Date file mailed out:1/8/95
	TAP Reviews from: Strue Taylor  Strue Harper
	Bob Durst
	Supplemental Information:
hierobial	Servi, only
because	of Substrute might be
MISSING INFORMATI	

# NOSB/NATIONAL LIST COMMENT FORM/BALLOT

Use this page to write down comments and questions regarding the data presented in the file of this National List material. Also record your planned opinion/vote to save time at the meeting on the National List.

Name of Material Citric Acid

Type of	Use:	Crops;	Livestock;		Processing
TAP Rev	view by:	•		•	•
1.	Stev	e Taylor			
2.	Stan	en Harper			
3.	Bob	Durst			
	its/Questic				
				,	
My Opii	nion/Vote	is:			
Sionatu	re		Date		
	and the second s	And the state of t			

# 1.

# USDA/TAP REVIEWER COMMENT FORM

Use this page or an equivalent to write down comments and summarize your evaluation regarding the data presented in the file of this potential National List material. Attach additional sheets if you wish.

Are there any restrictions or limitations that should be placed on this material by use or application on the National List?  Made by fermentation. Fermentation is natural but process does any involve use of other substances: Substrates: carn syrup, sucross Any additional comments or references? ammonium bicarbonate  Need to find out more about process and processing aids to make defermination.	This file is due back to us within 30 days of: Jan 7
Is this substance Natural or Synthetic? Explain (If appropriate)  Natural  Please comment on the accuracy of the information in the file:  This material should be added to the National List as:  Synthetic Allowed Prohibited Natural  or, This material does not belong on the National  List because:  Are there any restrictions or limitations that should be placed on this material by use or application on the National List?  Made by fermentation. Fermentation is natural but process does any involve use of other substances: Substraks: corn syrup, sucress does any involve use of other substances: Substraks: corn syrup, sucress Any additional comments or references? ammonium bicarbonate  Need to find out more about process and processing aids to make defermination.	
Please comment on the accuracy of the information in the file:  This material should be added to the National List as:  Synthetic Allowed Prohibited Natural  or, This material does not belong on the National  List because:  Are there any restrictions or limitations that should be placed on this material by use or application on the National List?  Made by fermentation. Fermentation is natural but process does any involve use of other substances: Substrates: carn syrup, sucross Any additional comments or references? Ammonium bicarbonate  Need to find out more about process and processing aids to make defermination.	Reviewer Name: Stwe Taylor
Please comment on the accuracy of the information in the file:  This material should be added to the National List as:  Synthetic Allowed Prohibited Natural  or, This material does not belong on the National  List because:  Are there any restrictions or limitations that should be placed on this material by use or application on the National List?  Made by fermentation. Fermentation is natural but process does any involve use of other substances: Substraks: corn syrup, sucross Any additional comments or references? ammonium bicarbonate.  Need to find out more about process and processing aids to make defermination.	Is this substance Natural or Synthetic? Explain (if appropriate)
This material should be added to the National List as:  Synthetic Allowed Prohibited Natural  or, This material does not belong on the National  List because:  Are there any restrictions or limitations that should be placed on this material by use or application on the  National List?  Made by fermentation. Fermentation is natural but process does any involve use of other substances: Substraks: carn syrup, sucross Any additional comments or references? ammonium bicarbonate  Need to find out more about process and processing aids to make defermination.	Natural
Synthetic Allowed Prohibited Natural or, This material does not belong on the National List because:  Are there any restrictions or limitations that should be placed on this material by use or application on the National List?  Made by fermentation. Fermentation is natural but process does any involve use of other substances: Substrates: corn syrup, sucross Any additional comments or references? ammonium bicarbonate.  Need to find out more about process and processing aids to make defermination.	Please comment on the accuracy of the information in the file:
Synthetic Allowed Prohibited Natural or, This material does not belong on the National List because:  Are there any restrictions or limitations that should be placed on this material by use or application on the National List?  Made by fermentation. Fermentation is natural but process does any involve use of other substances: Substrates: corn syrup, sucross Any additional comments or references? ammonium bicarbonate.  Need to find out more about process and processing aids to make defermination.	
Are there any restrictions or limitations that should be placed on this material by use or application on the National List?  Made by fermentation. Fermentation is natural but process does any involve use of other substances: Substrates: carn syrup, sucross Any additional comments or references? ammonium bicarbonate  Need to find out incre about process and processing aids to make determination.	
Are there any restrictions or limitations that should be placed on this material by use or application on the National List?  Made by fermentation. Fermentation is natural but process does may involve use of other substances: Substrates: corn syrup, sucross Any additional comments or references? ammonium bicarbonate  Need to find out more about process and processing aids to make defermination.	Synthetic Allowed Prohibited Natural
Made by fermentation. Fermentation is natural but process does any involve use of other substances: Substrates: corn syrup, sucross Any additional comments or references? ammonium bicarbonate.  Need to find out incre about process and processing aids to make determination.	or, This material does not belong on the National List because:
Need to find out more about process and processing aids to make determination.	placed on this material by use or application on the
Need to find out more about process and processing aids to make determination.	Made by fermentation. Fermentation is natural but process does any involve use of other substances: Substrates: corn syrup, sucre Any additional comments or references? ammonium bicarbonate
Signature Sture Tought Date 3-5-95	Need to find out more about process and processing aids to
/	Signature Star Tought Date 3-5-95

# USDA/TAP REVIEWER COMMENT FORM

Use this page or an equivalent to write down comments and summarize your evaluation regarding the data presented in the file of this potential National List material. Attach additional sheets if you wish.

This file is due back to us within 30 days of:
Name of Material: Citric Acid  Reviewer Name: Steven Harrer
Is this substance Natural or Synthetic? Explain (If appropriate)  Synthetic
Please comment on the accuracy of the information in the file:
This material should be added to the National List as:  Synthetic Allowed Prohibited Natural  or, This material does not belong on the National
Are there any restrictions or limitations that should be placed on this material by use or application on the National List?
Any additional comments or references?  Signature Hayer Date 3/10/45
Signature XXXXX Date 2/10/95

# 3

# **USDA/TAP Reviewer Comment Form**

Material: Clure acid
Reviewer: Bob Durst
Is this substance Natural or Synthetic? Explain (if appropriate)
It is a natural occurring substance that commercially goes through numerous chemical processes to get to it's final usable form. This processing would suggest that it be classified as synthetic.
Please comment on the accuracy of the information in the file:  The file is accurate.
This material should be added to the National List as:
X Synthetic Allowed,
Prohibited Natural, or
This material does not belong on the National List because:
Are there any restriction or limitations that should be placed on this material by use or application on the National List?
Must be listed on the ingredient label if it used used.
Unless it is actually derived from a natural source the labeling must not indicate that it is a natural compound.
Any additional comments or references?
As with all synthetic inorganic salts, source must be food grade. In addition each lot should be analyzed for toxic element concentrations (mercury, lead, cadmium, arsenic, thallium and antimony) and a near zero tolerance adopted.
Since citrus juices are a high natural source of citric acid, it might be advisable to find a manufacturer that is willing to isolate citric acid from organically grown fruit in an organically acceptable manner, and get a natural citric acid.
Signature Moleratil Dept. Date 3/4/91

# **NOSB Materials Database**

# **Identification**

Citric Acid Common Name

Chemical Name B-hydroxy-tricarboxylic acid C6H8O7

Other Names

Citric Acid, Anhydrous USP/FCC

Code #: CAS

77-92-9

Code #: Other

21 CFR 182-1033

N. L. Category

Synthetic Allowed

MSDS

yes Ono

Chemistry

Family

Aliphatic Acid

Composition

C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>7</sub>

**Properties** 

Colorless, translucent crystals, (or) white granular to fine crystalline powder, odorless, strong acid taste.

How Made

Traditionally by extraction from citrus juice, no longer commercially available. It is now extracted by fermentation of a carbohydrate substrate (often molasses) by citric acid bacteria, Aspergillus niger (a mold) or Candida guilliermondii (a yeast). Citric acid is recovered from the fermentation broth by a lime and sulfuric acid process in which the citric acid is first precipitated as a calcium salt and then

reacidulated with sulfuric acid.

Use/Action

Type of Use

Processing

Specific Use(s) Production of fruit products, juices, oils, fats etc. for pH control, flavor enhancer, flavoring agent or adjuvant, leavening agent, sequestrant, antioxidant, solvent, antimicrogial agent, surface-active agent

Action

Optimizes stability of frozen foods by enhancing the action of antioxidants and inactivating enzymes.

Brings out flavor in carbonated beverages. Acts as a synergist for antioxidants employed in inhibiting

rancidity in foods containg fats and oils.

Combinations

pure substance

Status

OFPA

N. L. Restriction

Currently considered synthetic by NOSB.

EPA, FDA, etc

FDA -GRAS

Directions

Safety Guidelines

Eye irritant, dust may cause mild respiratory irritation.

State Differences

Historical status

Always been allowed in organic processing and considered natural.

Internation | status

Allowed by IFOAM, EU and Codex.

# **NOSB Materials Database**

# OFPA Criteria

2119(m)1: chemical interactions

Not Applicable

2119(m)2: toxicity & persistence

Not Applicable

2119(m)3: manufacture & disposal consequences

Microbial fermentation -- Clarification -- Precipitation -- Dissolution -- Crystallization -- Drying -- Sifting -- packaging. The NOSB judged that citric acid produced by natural fermentation of carbohydrate substrates and purified by the lime-sulfuric method is synthetic because the citric acid comes into contact with lime and sulfuric acid and because of the chemical change from citric acid to calcium citrate and then back to citric acid during purification.

Biomass residuals are usually recycled as animal feeds and for agriculture.

# 2119(m)4: effect on human health

Material has been affirmed as GRAS by FDA for use in foods. The amount of citrate added to foods by food processors is about 500 mg per person per day. This amount occurs naturally in 2 ounces of orange juice and does not constitute a significant addition to the total body load.

Long term oral over exposure may cause damage to tooth enamel. Considered an irritatant to eyes and respiratory system during manufacture and handling. Recommended use of eye and respiratory protection during handling. Oral LD50 (rat) 11,700 mg/kg; dermal (acute) tested on skin of rabbit 500mg/24 hr moderate; eye 750 mg/24hr severe. FDA tests show no effect on reproduction, teratogenicity or oncogenicity in rats.

2119(m)5: agroecosystem biology

Not Applicable

2119(m)6: alternatives to substance

Lactic acid ( has some taste problems and not used in infant foods).

Vinegar (strange taste in some foods).

Citrus juices.

2119(m)7: Is it compatible?

Compatible

# References

- 1. FDA. 1977. Evaluation of the health aspects of citric acid, sodium citrate, potassium citrate, calcium citrate, ammonium citrate, triethyl citrate, isopropyl citrate, and stearyl citrate as food ingredients. SCOGS-84. Life Science Research Office, 9650 Rockville Pike, Bethesda, Maryland 20014.
- 2. Ag Partners of Davis, Materials Report for Citric Acid, 1995. Organic Trade Association, Greenfield, MA

5

MSDS for CITRIC ACID, MONOHYDRATE Page 1 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION PRODUCT NAME: CITRIC ACID, MONOHYDRATE FORMULA: HOC(COOH)(CH2COOH)2 H2O FORMULA WT: CAS NO.: 5949-29-1 COMMON SYNONYMS: 2-HYDROXY-1,2,3,PROPANE-TRICARBOXYLIC ACID, MONOHYDRATE PRODUCT CODES: 0118,0120,0119,0110 EFFECTIVE: 12/01/86 **REVISION #02** PRECAUTIONARY LABELLING BAKER SAF-T-DATA(TM) SYSTEM · HEALTH - 0 NONE FLAMMABILITY - 1 SLIGHT REACTIVITY - 0 NONE CONTACT - 1 SLIGHT HAZARD RATINGS ARE 0 TO 4 (0 = NO HAZARD; 4 = EXTREME HAZARD). LABORATORY PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: SAFETY GLASSES; LAB COAT PRECAUTIONARY LABEL STATEMENTS CAUTION MAY CAUSE IRRITATION DURING USE AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES, SKIN, CLOTHING. WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING. WHEN NOT IN USE KEEP IN TIGHTLY CLOSED CONTAINER. SAF-T-DATA(TM) STORAGE COLOR CODE: ORANGE (GENERAL STORAGE) 2 - HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS COMPONENT % CAS NO. CITRIC ACID, MONOHYDRATE 05949-29-1 3 - PHYSICAL DATA BOILING POINT: N/A VAPOR PRESSURE(MM HG): N/A MELTING POINT: N/A VAPOR DENSITY(AIR=1): N/A SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.54 EVAPORATION RATE: N/A (BUTYL ACETATE=1) (H2O=1)SOLUBILITY(H2O): APPRECIABLE (MORE THAN 10 %) % VOLATILES BY VOLUME: 0 APPEARANCE & ODOR: WHITE, ODORLESS POWDER. 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA -----FLASH POINT (CLOSED CUP N/A FLAMMABLE LIMITS: UPPER - N/A % LOWER - N/A % FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA USE WATER SPRAY, CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICAL OR ORDINARY FOAM. SPECIAL FIRE-FIGHTING PROCEDURES FIREFIGHTERS SHOULD WEAR PROPER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS WITH FULL FACEPIECE OPERATED IN POSITIVE PRESSURE MODE.

TOXIC GASES PRODUCED: CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE 5 - HEALTH HAZARD DATA TOXICITY TEST RESULTS AND SAFETY AND HEALTH EFFECTS ARE LISTED FOR THE ANHYDROUS PRODUCT. - 11.7 TOXICITY: LD50 (ORAL-RAT)(G/KG) LD50 (IPR-RAT)(MG/KG) - 883 LD50 (SCU-RAT)(MG/KG) - 5500 LD50 (SCU-RAT)(MG/KG) LD50 (ORAL-MOUSE)(MG/KG) - 5040 CARCINOGENICITY: NTP: NO IARC: NO Z LIST: NO OSHA REG: NO EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE DUST MAY IRRITATE NOSE AND THROAT. DUST MAY CAUSE HEADACHE, COUGHING, DIZZINESS OR DIFFICULT BREATHING. DUST MAY IRRITATE OR BURN MUCOUS MEMBRANES. CONTACT WITH SKIN OR EYES MAY CAUSE IRRITATION. TARGET ORGANS: EYES, SKIN MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: NONE IDENTIFIED ROUTES OF ENTRY: INHALATION, EYE CONTACT, SKIN CONTACT EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES INGESTION: IF SWALLOWED AND THE PERSON IS CONSCIOUS, IMMEDIATELY GIVE LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. INHALATION: IF A PERSON BREATHES IN LARGE AMOUNTS, MOVE THE EXPOSED PERSON TO FRESH AIR. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. EYE CONTACT: IMMEDIATELY FLUSH WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. SKIN CONTACT: IMMEDIATELY WASH WITH PLENTY OF SOAP AND WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. 6 - REACTIVITY DATA STABILITY: STABLE HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR INCOMPATIBLES: STRONG BASES DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE 7 - SPILL AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL OR DISCHARGE WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING. CAREFULLY SWEEP UP AND REMOVE. DISPOSAL PROCEDURE DISPOSE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS. 8 - PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT VENTILATION: USE ADEQUATE GENERAL OR LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION TO KEEP FUME OR DUST LEVELS AS LOW AS POSSIBLE. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: NONE REQUIRED WHERE ADEQUATE VENTILATION CONDITIONS EXIST. IF AIRBORNE CONCENTRATION IS HIGH, USE AN APPROPRIATE RESPIRATOR OR DUST MASK. EYE/SKIN PROTECTION: SAFETY GLASSES WITH SIDESHIELDS, NITRILE GLOVES RECOMMENDED.

# 9 - STORAGE AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS SAF-T-DATA(TM) STORAGE COLOR CODE: ORANGE (GENERAL STORAGE) SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS KEEP CONTAINER TIGHTLY CLOSED. SUITABLE FOR ANY GENERAL CHEMICAL STORAGE AREA. 10 - TRANSPORTATION DATA AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION DOMESTIC (D.O.T.) PROPER SHIPPING NAME CHEMICALS, N.O.S. (NON-REGULATED) INTERNATIONAL (I.M.O.) PROPER SHIPPING NAME CHEMICALS, N.O.S. (NON-REGULATED)

05 MAY 94 DOCNUM=1937

PAGE 1

U.S. FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION FOOD ADDITIVE SAFETY PROFILE CITRIC ACID CAS#: HUMAN CONSUMPTION: MARKET DISAPPEARANCE: MARKET SURVEY: 000077929 90.5367 MG/KG BW/DAY/PERSON FASP#: 1937 ASP 2306 106833333.333LBS/YR TYPE: NAS≢: NAS#: 2306 JECFA:
FEMA#: 2306 JECFA ADI:
GRAS#: 3 JECFA ESTABLISHED:
POTENTIAL BEVERAGE USE LAST UPDATE: NL-C MG/KG BW/DAY/PERSON 1979 931115 FW: 192.12 DENSITY: LOGP: STRUCTURE CATEGORIES: A6 COMPONENTS: CITRIC ACID, ANHYDROUS
2-HYDROXY-1,2,3-PROPANETRICARBOXYLIC ACID
HYDROXYTRICARBOXYLIC ACID, BETA1,2,3-PROPANETRICARBOXYLIC ACID, 2-HYDROXYACIDE CITRIQUE SYNONYMS: CHEMICAL FUNCTION: F TECHNICAL EFFECT: PH CONTROL AGENT FLAVOR ENHANCER FLAVORING AGENT OR ADJUVANT LEAVENING AGENT SEQUESTRANT
ANTIOXIDANT
SOLVENT OR VEHICLE
SURFACE-ACTIVE AGENT
ANTIMICROBIAL AGENT CFR REG NUMBERS: 173.165 182.1033 172.755 PART 133 PART 169 182.6033 PART 146 PART 150 131.111 131.144 161.190 155.130 145.145 131.112 131.138 131.136 146.187 166.40 131.146 150.161 150.141 169.115 169.140 173.280 169.150 184.1033 MINIMUM TESTING LEVEL: 3 COMMENTS: STUDY 1-12 FROM SCOGS-84 BOX 4A: LOWEST EFFECT LEVEL OBSERVED IN ALL AVAILABLE RAT OR MOUSE STUDIES STUDY: RANKING FACTOR: 1.938E-2 LEL: 4670 MG/KG BW/DAY **COMPLETENESS:** RAT RAT LEL: 4670 MG/KG BW, CHOLESTEROL DECREASE GLUTAMIC-OXALOACETIC TRANSAMINASE (SGOT/AST) INCREASE ORGAN WEIGHT DECREASE CELLULAR ATROPHY THYMUS SPLEEN MALES ONLY SLIGHT ATROPHY OF THYMUS AND SPLENIC FOLLICLES DATA FROM SCOGS-84 EFFECTS: SITES: COMMENTS:

PAGE

MG/KG BW/DAY

2

DOCNUM=1937 LOWEST EFFECT LEVEL OBSERVED IN ALL AVAILABLE STUDIES BOX 4C: RANKING FACTOR: 1.938E-2 LEL: 4670 MG/KG BW/DAY **COMPLETENESS:** STUDY: SPECIES: RAT LEL: CHOLESTEROL DECREASE
GLUTAMIC-OXALOACETIC TRANSAMINASE (SGOT/AST) INCREASE
ORGAN WEIGHT DECREASE
CELLULAR ATROPHY SITES: THYMUS SPLEEN
COMMENTS: MALES ONLY
SLIGHT ATROPHY OF THYMUS AND SPLENIC FOLLICLES DATA FROM SCOGS-84 \_\_\_\_\_\_ ACUTE TOXICITY INFORMATION BOX 7: SOURCE: J TAKEDA RES LAB 30:25-31 YEAR: 1971 LD50: 12000 MG/KG BW STUDY: SPECIES: RAT **COMMENTS:** SOURCE: J TAKEDA RES LAB 30:25-31 YEAR: 1971 STUDY: SPECIES: MOUSE YEAR: 1971 LD50: 5000 MG/KG BW COMMENTS: ORAL TOXICITY STUDIES (OTHER THAN ACUTE) BOX 9: SOURCE: REV PORT FARM 20:41-46 COMPLETENESS: STUDY: YEAR: 1970 LEL: 200 TYPE: SHORT TERM
SPECIES: RAT
DURATION: 9 DAYS
EFFECTS: BODY WEIGHT DECREASE SHORT TERM MG/KG BW/DAY HNEL: COMMENTS: INITIAL DECREASE IN WEIGHT DID NOT PERSIST NOT USED FOR PRIORITY RANKING SOURCE: J TAKEDA RES LAB 30:25-31 YEAR: 1971 LEL: 4670 MG/KG BW/DAY STUDY: TYPE: SPECIES: COMPLETENESS: SHORT TERM RAT LEL: 4670 HNEL: 2260 MG/KG BW/DAY DURATION: 42 DAYS CHOLESTEROL DECREASE
GLUTAMIC-OXALOACETIC TRANSAMINASE (SGOT/AST) INCREASE
ORGAN WEIGHT DECREASE
CELLULAR ATROPHY
SPIEEN SITES: THYMUS SPLEEN COMMENTS: SLIGHT ATROPHY OF THYMUS AND SPLENIC FOLLICLES SOURCE: J AM PHARM ASSOC SCI ED 34:86-89 YEAR: 1945 **COMPLETENESS:** STUDY: TYPE: SUBCHRONIC RODENT MG/KG BW/DAY SPECIES: RAT DURATION: 90 DAYS LEL: > HNEL: 600 MG/KG BW/DAY EFFECTS: NO EFFECTS COMMENTS: BODY WEIGHT, BLOOD, HISTOPATH AND REPRODUCTION OBSERVED SOURCE: J AM PHARM ASSOC SCI ED **COMPLETENESS:** STUDY: 34:86-89 SUBCHRONIC MAMMAL (NON-RODENT)YEAR: 1945 MG/KG BW/DAY SPECIES: DOG DURATION: 112 DAYS LEL: HNEL: 1380 NO EFFECTS EFFECTS: SITES COMMENTS: NO BEHAVIORAL, BIOCHEMICAL OR HISTOPATHOLOGICAL ABNORMALITIES SOURCE: GRP 7T0195 3 YEAR: 1973 **COMPLETENESS:** STUDY: TERATOGENICITY

05 MAY 94

3

```
PAGE
  DOCNUM=1937
  DURATION: 10 DAYS EFFECTS: NO EFFECTS SITES:
                                                           HNEL: 295
                                                                                MG/KG BW/DAY
  COMMENTS: ADMINISTERED DAY 6-15 OF GESTATION
                COMPLETENESS: MOUSE
                                                           SOURCE: GRP 7T0195 3
YEAR: 1973
LEL: > MG/KG
 TYPE: TERATOGENI
SPECIES: MOUSE
DURATION: 10 DAYS
EFFECTS: NO EFFECTS
                                                                                MG/KG BW/DAY
                                                                    >
241
                                                           HNEL:
                                                                                MG/KG BW/DAY
 COMMENTS: ADMINISTERED DAY 6-15 OF GESTATION
 STUDY:
                11
TERATOGENICITY
                                  COMPLETENESS:
                                                          SOURCE: GRP. 7T0195 3
YEAR: 1973
LEL: > MG/KG
 TYPE: TERATOGE SPECIES: HAMSTER DURATION: 5 DAYS EFFECTS: NO EFFEC SITES:
                                                                               MG/KG BW/DAY
                                                                    >
272
                                                          HNEL:
               NO EFFECTS
 COMMENTS: ADMINISTERED DAY 6-10 OF GESTATION
 STUDY:
               COMPLETENESS:
                                                          SOURCE: GRP 7T0195 3
YEAR: 1973
LEL: > MG/KG
 TYPE:
SPECIES:
 SPECIES: RABBIT
DURATION: 13 DAYS
EFFECTS: NO EFFECTS
                                                                               MG/KG BW/DAY
                                                          HNEL: 425
 COMMENTS: ADMINISTERED DAY 6-18 OF GESTATION
STUDY: 8
TYPE: RAT ONCOGE
SPECIES: RAT
DURATION: 728 DAYS
EFFECTS: NO EFFECTS
SITES:
                                                          SOURCE: J AGRIC FOOD CHEM 5:759-760
YEAR: 1957
                                  COMPLETENESS:
               RAT ONCOGENICITY
                                                                              MG/KG BW/DAY
                                                         HNEL:
                                                                   2000
COMMENTS: MALES ONLY
STUDY:
              7
REPRODUCTION (3-GENERATION)
                                                         SOURCE: VOEDING 17:137-148
YEAR: 1956
LEL: > MG/KG BW/DA
TYPE:
SPECIES:
              RAT
DURATION:
EFFECTS:
SITES:
                                                                              MG/KG BW/DAY
                                                         HNEL: 800
             NO EFFECTS
COMMENTS:
BOX 3:
              GENETIC TOXICITY STUDIES
STUDY:
                                COMPLETENESS:
                                                         SOURCE:
TYPE:
SPECIES:
                                                        YEAR:
LEL:
                                                                             MG/KG BW/DAY
DURATION:
                                                        HNEL:
EFFECTS:
CELLS:
COMMENTS:
```

05 MAY 94

# EXHIBIT C







# EXHIBIT D

# LEE LITIGATION GROUP, PLLC

30 East 39th Street, Second Floor New York, New York 10016 Tel: 212-465-1180 Fax: 212-465-1181 info@leelitigation.com

WRITER'S DIRECT:

212-465-1188

cklee@leelitigation.com

September 11, 2015

# VIA CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Legal Department Ricola USA Inc. 6 Campus Dr. 2nd Floor South Parsippany, NJ 07054

Re: Demand Letter re:

Ricola Cherry Honey herb throat drops

Ricola Honey Lemon with Echinacea cough suppressant throat drops

Ricola Lemon Mint herb throat drops

Ricola Sugar-free Lemon Mint herb throat drops Ricola Mixed Berry with Vitamin C supplement drops

Ricola Sugar-free Green Tea with Echinacea cough suppressant throat

drops

Ricola Sugar-free Swiss Cherry herb throat drops

(together, the "Products").

# To Whom It May Concern:

This demand letter serves as a notice and demand for corrective action on behalf of my client, Valerie Liu and all other persons similarly situated, arising from violations of numerous provisions of California law including the Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Civil Code § 1770, including but not limited to subsections (a)(5) and (9) and violations of consumer protection laws of each of the fifty states and the District of Columbia. This demand letter serves as notice pursuant to state laws concerning your deceptive and misleading Product labeling and packaging.

You have participated in the manufacture, marketing and sale of the Ricola Throat Drop Products. The Products are falsely and misleadingly represented as "Naturally Soothing" on their labels even though they contain the non-natural, highly chemically and industrially processed ingredients Ascorbic Acid (Vitamin C), Citric Acid and Malic Acid. Such representations are false and misleading and violate consumer protection laws of each of the fifty states and the District of Columbia as well as Section 403 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. § 343. As a result, the Products are misbranded.

Ms. Valerie Liu, a resident of California, purchased the Ricola Throat Drop Products, including the Honey Lemon with Echinacea and Sugar-free Swiss Cherry flavors, in reliance on the natural claims on the packaging and is acting on behalf of a

class defined as all persons in each of the fifty states and the District of Columbia who purchased the Products (hereafter, the "Class"). While Ascorbic Acid (Vitamin C), Citric Acid and Malic Acid are and can be naturally occurring ingredients, they are synthetic and/or highly chemically altered in industrially processed food products such as Ricola Throat Drop Products. Such ingredients were not expected by Ms. Liu, nor would they be expected by other reasonable customers, to be in products with a "Naturally Soothing" claim on their labels.

To cure the defects described above, we demand that you (i) cease and desist from continuing to label and package the Products as "Naturally Soothing"; (ii) disclose on the labels of the Products the fact that Ascorbic Acid (Vitamin C), Citric Acid and Malic Acid are not natural; (iii) issue an immediate recall on any Products with such misrepresentations or failure to disclose required information; and (iv) make full restitution to all purchasers throughout the United States of all purchase money obtained from sales thereof.

We further demand that you preserve all documents and other evidence which refer or relate to any of the above-described practices including, but not limited to the following:

- (i) All documents concerning the manufacture, labeling and packaging process for the Products;
- (ii) All communications with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration concerning the product development, labeling, packaging, marketing and sales of the Products;
- (iii) All documents concerning the advertisement, marketing, or sale of the Products; and
- (iv) All communications with customers concerning complaints or comments concerning the Products.

We are willing to negotiate to attempt to resolve the demands asserted in this letter. If you wish to enter into such discussions, please contact me immediately. If I do not hear from you promptly, I will conclude that you are not interested in resolving this dispute short of litigation. If you contend that any statement in this letter is inaccurate in any respect, please provide us with your contentions and supporting documents promptly.

Very truly yours,

L.K. Lee, Esq.